



Release Notes for Cisco Wireless Controllers and Cisco Lightweight Access Points for Release 7.4.140.0

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These release notes describe what is new in this release, instructions to upgrade to this release, and open and resolved caveats for this release.



Note

Unless otherwise noted, all of the Cisco Wireless controllers are referred to as *controllers*, and all of the Cisco lightweight access points are referred to as *access points* or *APs*.

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Cisco Wireless Controller and Access Point Platforms

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Supported Cisco Wireless Controller Platforms

The following Cisco WLC platforms are supported in this release:

- Cisco 2500 Series Wireless Controllers
- Cisco 5500 Series Wireless Controllers
- Cisco Flex 7500 Series Wireless Controllers
- Cisco 8500 Series Wireless Controllers
- Cisco Virtual Wireless Controllers on Cisco Services-Ready Engine (SRE) or Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Module for Integrated Services Routers G2 (UCS-E)
- Cisco Wireless Controllers for high availability (HA controllers) for 5500 series, WiSM2, Flex 7500 series, and 8500 series controllers
- Cisco Wireless Services Module 2 (WiSM2) for Catalyst 6500 Series switches
- Cisco Wireless Controller on Cisco Services-Ready Engine (SRE) (controllerM2) running on ISM 300, SM 700, SM 710, SM 900, and SM 910

Supported Access Point Platforms

The following access point platforms are supported in this release:

- Cisco 1040, 1130, 1140, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1600, 2600, 3500, 3500p, 3600, Cisco 600 Series OfficeExtend Access Points, AP801, and AP802
- Cisco Aironet 1550 (1552) series outdoor 802.11n mesh access points; Cisco Aironet 1520 (1522, 1524) series outdoor mesh access points
- The AP801 and AP802 are integrated access points on the Cisco 800 Series Integrated Services Routers (ISRs). For more information about the stock-keeping units (SKUs) for the access points and the ISRs, see the following data sheets:
 - AP860:
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/800-series-routers/data_sheet_c78_461543.html
 - AP880:
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/887-integrated-services-router-isr/data_sheet_c78_459542.html
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/800-series-routers/data_sheet_c78-613481.html
http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/880-3g-integrated-services-router-isr/data_sheet_c78_498096.html

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/880g-integrated-services-router-isr/data_sheet_c78-682548.html

– AP890:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/routers/800-series-routers/data_sheet_c78-519930.html



Note The AP802 is an integrated access point on the Next Generation Cisco 880 Series ISRs.



Note Before you use an AP802 series lightweight access point with controller software release 7.4.140.0, you must upgrade the software in the Next Generation Cisco 880 Series ISRs to Cisco IOS 151-4.M or later releases.

Unsupported Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Platforms

The following controller platforms are not supported:

- Cisco 4400 Series Wireless LAN Controller
- Cisco 2100 Series Wireless LAN Controller
- Cisco Catalyst 3750G Integrated Wireless LAN Controller
- Cisco Catalyst 6500 Series/7600 Series Wireless Services Module (WiSM)
- Cisco Wireless LAN Controller Module (NM/NME)

What's New in This Release

Cisco Lightweight Access Points that were manufactured over 10 years ago may fail to create a CAPWAP or LWAPP connection due to certificate expiration. You may allow the Access Points with Manufactured Installed Certificates (MICs) or Self-signed Certificates (SSCs) beyond their expiration date to associate with Cisco WLC.

On Cisco WLCs, the AP lifetime-check parameter is enabled by default. After upgrading, we recommend that you configure the Cisco WLC to ignore the expiration date on the APs' MICs and SSCs by entering this command:

```
(Controller) >config ap cert-expiry-ignore {mic | ssc} enable
```

When the **config ap cert-expiry-ignore {mic | ssc} enable** command is entered, Cisco WLC ignores the expiration date on the APs' MICs or SSCs, allowing APs or Cisco WLCs with certificates that are more than 10 years old to connect with each other. The AP lifetime-check parameter must remain enabled as long as APs with expired MICs or SSCs are managed by this Cisco WLC.

You can see the configuration state by entering this command:

```
(Controller) >show certificate summary
```

```
Web Administration Certificate..... 3rd Party
Web Authentication Certificate..... Locally Generated
Certificate compatibility mode:..... off
```

Lifetime Check for MIC Enable
 Lifetime Check for SSC Enable

For more information, see <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/field-notices/639/fn63942.html>.



Note For other updates in this release, see the “Caveats” section on page 20.

Software Release Support for Access Points

Table 1 lists the controller software releases that support specific Cisco access points. The First Support column lists the earliest controller software release that supports the access point. For access points that are not supported in ongoing releases, the Last Support column lists the last release that supports the access point.

Table 1 Software Support for Access Points

Access Points		First Support	Last Support
1000 Series	AIR-AP1010	3.0.100.0	4.2.209.0
	AIR-AP1020	3.0.100.0	4.2.209.0
	AIR-AP1030	3.0.100.0	4.2.209.0
	Airespace AS1200	—	4.0
	AIR-LAP1041N	7.0.98.0	—
	AIR-LAP1042N	7.0.98.0	—
1100 Series	AIR-LAP1121	4.0.155.0	7.0.x
1130 Series	AIR-LAP1131	3.1.59.24	—
1140 Series	AIR-LAP1141N	5.2.157.0	—
	AIR-LAP1142N	5.2.157.0	—
1220 Series	AIR-AP1220A	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
	AIR-AP1220B	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
1230 Series	AIR-AP1230A	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
	AIR-AP1230B	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
	AIR-LAP1231G	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
	AIR-LAP1232AG	3.1.59.24	7.0.x
1240 Series	AIR-LAP1242G	3.1.59.24	—
	AIR-LAP1242AG	3.1.59.24	—
1250 Series	AIR-LAP1250	4.2.61.0	—
	AIR-LAP1252G	4.2.61.0	—
	AIR-LAP1252AG	4.2.61.0	—
1260 Series	AIR-LAP1261N	7.0.116.0	—
	AIR-LAP1262N	7.0.98.0	—
1300 Series	AIR-BR1310G	4.0.155.0	7.0.x

Table 1 **Software Support for Access Points (continued)**

Access Points		First Support	Last Support
1400 Series	Standalone Only	—	—
1600 Series	AIR-CAP1602I-x-K9	7.4.140.0	—
	AIR-CAP1602I-xK910	7.4.140.0	—
	AIR-SAP1602I-x-K9	7.4.140.0	—
	AIR-SAP1602I-xK9-5	7.4.140.0	—
	AIR-CAP1602E-x-K9	7.4.140.0	—
	AIR-SAP1602E-xK9-5	7.4.140.0	—
AP801		5.1.151.0	
AP802		7.0.98.0	
AP802H		7.3.101.0	
2600 Series	AIR-CAP2602I-x-K9	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-CAP2602I-xK910	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-SAP2602I-x-K9	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-SAP2602I-x-K95	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-CAP2602E-x-K9	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-CAP2602E-xK910	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-SAP2602E-x-K9	7.2.110.0	
	AIR-SAP2602E-x-K95	7.2.110.0	
3500 Series	AIR-CAP3501E	7.0.98.0	—
	AIR-CAP3501I	7.0.98.0	—
	AIR-CAP3502E	7.0.98.0	—
	AIR-CAP3502I	7.0.98.0	—
	AIR-CAP3502P	7.0.116.0	—
3600 Series	AIR-CAP3602I-x-K9	7.1.91.0	—
	AIR-CAP3602I-xK910	7.1.91.0	—
	AIR-CAP3602E-x-K9	7.1.91.0	—
	AIR-CAP3602E-xK910	7.1.91.0	—
600 Series	AIR-OEAP602I	7.0.116.0	
Note The Cisco 3600 Access Point was introduced in 7.1.91.0. If your network deployment uses Cisco 3600 Access Points with release 7.1.91.0, we highly recommend that you upgrade to 7.2.103.0 or a later release.			
1500 Mesh Series	AIR-LAP-1505	3.1.59.24	4.2.207.54M
	AIR-LAP-1510	3.1.59.24	4.2.207.54M

Table 1 Software Support for Access Points (continued)

Access Points		First Support	Last Support	
1520 Mesh Series	AIR-LAP1522AG	-A and N: 4.1.190.1 or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
		All other reg. domains: 4.1.191.24M or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
	AIR-LAP1522HZ	-A and N: 4.1.190.1 or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
		All other reg. domains: 4.1.191.24M or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
	AIR-LAP1522PC	-A and N: 4.1.190.1 or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
		All other reg. domains: 4.1.191.24M or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
	AIR-LAP1522CM	7.0.116.0 or later.	—	
	AIR-LAP1524SB	-A, C and N: 6.0 or later	—	
		All other reg. domains: 7.0.116.0 or later.	—	
	AIR-LAP1524PS	-A: 4.1.192.22M or 5.2 or later ¹	—	
	1550	AIR-CAP1552I-x-K9	7.0.116.0	—
		AIR-CAP1552E-x-K9	7.0.116.0	—
AIR-CAP1552C-x-K9		7.0.116.0	—	
AIR-CAP1552H-x-K9		7.0.116.0	—	
AIR-CAP1552CU-x-K9		7.3.101.0	—	
AIR-CAP1552EU-x-K9		7.3.101.0	—	
1552S	AIR-CAP1552SA-x-K9	7.0.220.0	—	
	AIR-CAP1552SD-x-K9	7.0.220.0	—	

1. These access points are supported in the separate 4.1.19x.x mesh software release or with release 5.2 or later releases. These access points are not supported in the 4.2, 5.0, or 5.1 releases.



The access point must always be connected to the POE-IN port to associate with the controllers. The POE-OUT port is for connecting external devices only.

Upgrading to Controller Software Release 7.4.140.0

Guidelines and Limitations

- WLAN-AP group association functionality:
 - Functionality prior to Release 7.4.130.0—If a WLAN was added to an AP group prior to Release 7.4.130.0, the RF radio policy is set to All after an XML upload/download. This is because the default value of RF policy was not added. This issue was addressed through [CSCud37443](#). However, this corrects only the newly created WLAN-AP group associations and not the previous ones. Therefore, if you have configured a WLAN-AP group association prior to Release 7.4.130.0, you must remove the WLAN from the AP group and add it again in Release 7.4.130.0 or a later release.

Also, the XML configuration for radio policy was not present in releases prior to 8.0. This issue is addressed through [CSCu159089](#).
 - Change in functionality with Release 7.4.130.0—The RF radio policy is by default set to None for all WLAN-AP group associations created in Release 7.4.130.0. Any previous WLAN-AP group associations that are carried over will continue to be set to All unless a WLAN is removed from the AP group and added again.

The XML upload/download for AP group RF radio policy is available only from Release 8.0.
- Cisco WLCs validate client IP address at the time of learning, using the dynamic interface IP address as per the VLAN assigned to the client. Ensure that the clients and the dynamic interface VLAN of the clients are on the same subnet, even if DHCP proxy is disabled at the Cisco WLC.
- When H-REAP access points that are associated with a controller that has all the 7.0.x software releases that are prior to 7.0.240.0 upgrade to the 7.4.140.0 release, the access points lose their VLAN support configuration if it was enabled. The VLAN mappings revert to the default values of the VLAN of the associated interface. This issue does not occur if you upgrade from 7.0.240.0 or later 7.0.x release to the 7.4.140.0 release.
- We recommend that you install Wireless Controller Field Upgrade Software for Release 1.7.0.0-FUS, which is a special AES package that contains several system-related component upgrades. These include the bootloader, field recovery image, and FPGA/MCU firmware. Installing the FUS image requires special attention because it installs some critical firmware. The FUS image is independent of the runtime image. For more information, see http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/wireless/controller/release/notes/fus_rn_1_7_0_0.html.
- If you are using a Cisco 2500 Series controller and you intend to use the Application Visibility and Control (AVC) and NetFlow protocol features, you must install Wireless Controller Field Upgrade Software for Release 1.8.0.0-FUS. This is not required if you are using other controller hardware models. For more information, see http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/wireless/controller/release/notes/fus_1_8_0_0.html.

- When you enable LAG on a Cisco 2500 Series Controller with which a direct-connect access point is associated, the direct-connect access point dissociates with the controller. When LAG is in enabled state, the direct-connect access points are not supported. For direct-connect access points to be supported, you must disable LAG and reboot the controller.

If LAG is enabled on the Cisco 2500 Series Controller and the controller is downgraded to a non-LAG aware release, the port information is lost and it requires manual recovery.

- After you upgrade to the 7.4 release, networks that were not affected by the existing preauthentication ACLs might not work because the rules are now enforced. That is, networks with clients configured with static DNS servers might not work unless the static server is defined in the preauthentication ACL.
- On 7500 controllers if FIPS is enabled, the reduced boot options are displayed only after a bootloader upgrade.



Note Bootloader upgrade is not required if FIPS is disabled.

- If you require a downgrade from one release to another, you might lose the configuration from your current release. The workaround is to reload the previous controller configuration files saved on the backup server or to reconfigure the controller.
- It is not possible to directly upgrade to the 7.4.140.0 release from a release that is older than 7.0.98.0.
- You can upgrade or downgrade the controller software only between certain releases. In some instances, you must first install an intermediate release prior to upgrading to software release 7.4.140.0. [Table 2](#) shows the upgrade path that you must follow before downloading software release 7.4.140.0.

Table 2 Upgrade Path to Controller Software Release 7.4.140.0

Current Software Release	Upgrade Path to 7.4.140.0 Software
7.0.98.0 or later 7.0 releases	<p>You can upgrade directly to 7.4.140.0</p> <p>Note If you have VLAN support and VLAN mappings defined on H-REAP access points and are currently using a 7.0.x controller software release that is prior to 7.0.240.0, we recommend that you upgrade to the 7.0.240.0 release and then upgrade to 7.4.140.0 to avoid losing those VLAN settings.</p>
7.1.91.0	You can upgrade directly to 7.4.140.0
7.2. or later 7.2 releases	<p>You can upgrade directly to 7.4.140.0</p> <p>Note If you have an 802.11u HotSpot configuration on the WLANs, we recommend that you first upgrade to the 7.3.101.0 controller software release and then upgrade to the 7.4.140.0 controller software release.</p> <p>You must downgrade from the 7.4.140.0 controller software release to a 7.2.x controller software release if you have an 802.11u HotSpot configuration on the WLANs that is not supported.</p>

Table 2 Upgrade Path to Controller Software Release 7.4.140.0 (continued)

Current Software Release	Upgrade Path to 7.4.140.0 Software
7.3 or later 7.3 releases	You can upgrade directly to 7.4.140.0
7.4 releases that are prior to this release	You can upgrade directly to 7.4.140.0

- When you upgrade the controller to an intermediate software release, you must wait until all of the access points that are associated with the controller are upgraded to the intermediate release before you install the latest controller software. In large networks, it can take some time to download the software on each access point.
- If you upgrade to the controller software release 7.4.140.0 from an earlier release, you must also upgrade to Cisco Prime Infrastructure 1.3 and MSE 7.4.
- You can upgrade to a new release of the controller software or downgrade to an older release even if Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) is enabled.
- When you upgrade to the latest software release, the software on the access points associated with the controller is also automatically upgraded. When an access point is loading software, each of its LEDs blinks in succession.
- We recommend that you access the controller GUI using Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 (or a later release) or Mozilla Firefox 2.0.0.11 (or a later release).
- Cisco controllers support standard SNMP Management Information Base (MIB) files. MIBs can be downloaded from the Software Center on Cisco.com.
- The controller software is factory installed on your controller and automatically downloaded to the access points after a release upgrade and whenever an access point joins a controller. We recommend that you install the latest software version available for maximum operational benefit.
- Ensure that you have a TFTP, FTP, or SFTP server available for the software upgrade. Follow these guidelines when setting up a server:
 - Ensure that your TFTP server supports files that are larger than the size of the controller software release 7.4.140.0. Some TFTP servers that support files of this size are tftpd32 and the TFTP server within the Prime Infrastructure. If you attempt to download the 7.4.140.0 controller software and your TFTP server does not support files of this size, the following error message appears: “TFTP failure while storing in flash.”
 - If you are upgrading through the distribution system network port, the TFTP or FTP server can be on the same or a different subnet because the distribution system port is routable.
- When you plug a controller into an AC power source, the bootup script and power-on self-test run to initialize the system. During this time, you can press **Esc** to display the bootloader Boot Options Menu. The menu options for the 5500 differ from the menu options for the other controller platforms.

Bootloader Menu for 5500 Series Controllers:

```

Boot Options
Please choose an option from below:
1. Run primary image
2. Run backup image
3. Change active boot image
4. Clear Configuration
5. Format FLASH Drive
6. Manually update images
    
```

Please enter your choice:

Bootloader Menu for Other Controller Platforms:

Boot Options

Please choose an option from below:

1. Run primary image
2. Run backup image
3. Manually update images
4. Change active boot image
5. Clear Configuration

Please enter your choice:

Enter **1** to run the current software, enter **2** to run the previous software, enter **4** (on a 5500 series controller), or enter **5** (on another controller platform) to run the current software and set the controller configuration to factory defaults. Do not choose the other options unless directed to do so.



Note See the Installation Guide or the Quick Start Guide for your controller for more details on running the bootup script and power-on self-test.

- The controller bootloader stores a copy of the active primary image and the backup image. If the primary image becomes corrupted, you can use the bootloader to boot with the backup image. With the backup image stored before rebooting, be sure to choose **Option 2: Run Backup Image** from the boot menu to boot from the backup image. Then, upgrade with a known working image and reboot the controller.
- Control which address(es) are sent in CAPWAP discovery responses when NAT is enabled on the Management Interface using the following command:

config network ap-discovery nat-ip-only {enable | disable}

where:

- **enable**— Enables use of NAT IP only in a discovery response. This is the default. Use this command if all APs are outside of the NAT gateway.
- **disable**— Enables use of both NAT IP and non-NAT IP in a discovery response. Use this command if APs are on the inside and outside of the NAT gateway; for example, Local Mode and OfficeExtend APs are on the same controller.



Note To avoid stranding APs, you must disable AP link latency (if enabled) before you use the disable option for the **config network ap-discovery nat-ip-only** command. To disable AP link latency, use the **config ap link-latency disable all** command.

- You can configure 802.1p tagging by using the **config qos dot1p-tag {bronze | silver | gold | platinum}** tag. For the 7.2.103.0 and later releases, if you tag 802.1p packets, the tagging has impact only on wired packets. Wireless packets are impacted only by the maximum priority level set for QoS.
- You can reduce the network downtime using the following options:
 - You can predownload the AP image.
 - For FlexConnect access points, use the FlexConnect AP upgrade feature to reduce traffic between the controller and the AP (main site and the branch).



Note Predownloading a 7.4.140.0 version on a Cisco Aironet 1240 access point is not supported when upgrading from a previous controller release. If predownloading is attempted to a Cisco Aironet 1240 access point, an AP disconnect will occur momentarily.

- Do not power down the controller or any access point during the upgrade process; otherwise, you might corrupt the software image. Upgrading a controller with a large number of access points can take as long as 30 minutes, depending on the size of your network. However, with the increased number of concurrent access point upgrades supported, the upgrade time should be significantly reduced. The access points must remain powered, and the controller must not be reset during this time.
- If you want to downgrade from the 7.4.140.0 release to a 6.0 or an older release, do either of the following:
 - Delete all WLANs that are mapped to interface groups and create new ones.
 - Ensure that all WLANs are mapped to interfaces rather than interface groups.
- After you perform these functions on the controller, you must reboot the controller for the changes to take effect:
 - Enable or disable link aggregation (LAG)
 - Enable a feature that is dependent on certificates (such as HTTPS and web authentication)
 - Add a new license or modify an existing license
 - Increase the priority for a license
 - Enable the HA
 - Install SSL certificate
 - Configure the database size
 - Install vendor device certificate
 - Download CA certificate
 - Upload configuration file
 - Install Web Authentication certificate
 - Changes to management or virtual interface
 - TCP MSS

Upgrading to Controller Software Release 7.4.140.0 (GUI)

Step 1 Upload your controller configuration files to a server to back them up.



Note We highly recommend that you back up your controller's configuration files prior to upgrading the controller software.

Step 2 Follow these steps to obtain the 7.4.140.0 controller software:

- a. Click this URL to go to the Software Center:

<http://www.cisco.com/cisco/software/navigator.html>

- b. Choose **Wireless** from the center selection window.
- c. Click **Wireless LAN Controllers**.
The following options are available:
 - Integrated Controllers and Controller Modules
 - Standalone Controllers
- d. Depending on your controller platform, click one of the above options.
- e. Click the controller model number or name. The **Download Software** page is displayed.
- f. Click a controller software release. The software releases are labeled as follows to help you determine which release to download:
 - **Early Deployment (ED)**—These software releases provide new features and new hardware platform support as well as bug fixes.
 - **Maintenance Deployment (MD)**—These software releases provide bug fixes and ongoing software maintenance.
 - **Deferred (DF)**—These software releases have been deferred. We recommend that you migrate to an upgraded release.
- g. Click a software release number.
- h. Click the filename (*filename.aes*).
- i. Click **Download**.
- j. Read Cisco’s End User Software License Agreement and then click **Agree**.
- k. Save the file to your hard drive.
- l. Repeat steps a. through k. to download the remaining file.

Step 3 Copy the controller software file (*filename.aes*) to the default directory on your TFTP, FTP, or SFTP server.

Step 4 (Optional) Disable the controller 802.11a/n and 802.11b/g/n networks.



Note

For busy networks, controllers on high utilization, or small controller platforms, we recommend that you disable the 802.11a/n and 802.11b/g/n networks as a precautionary measure.

Step 5 Choose **Commands > Download File** to open the Download File to Controller page.

Step 6 From the File Type drop-down list, choose **Code**.

Step 7 From the Transfer Mode drop-down list, choose **TFTP, FTP, or SFTP**.

Step 8 In the IP Address text box, enter the IP address of the TFTP, FTP, or SFTP server.

Step 9 If you are using a TFTP server, the default values of 10 retries for the Maximum Retries text field, and 6 seconds for the Timeout text field should work correctly without any adjustment. However, you can change these values if desired. To do so, enter the maximum number of times that the TFTP server attempts to download the software in the Maximum Retries text box and the amount of time (in seconds) that the TFTP server attempts to download the software in the Timeout text box.

Step 10 In the File Path text box, enter the directory path of the software.

Step 11 In the File Name text box, enter the name of the software file (*filename.aes*).

Step 12 If you are using an FTP server, follow these steps:

- a. In the Server Login Username text box, enter the username to log on to the FTP server.

- b. In the Server Login Password text box, enter the password to log on to the FTP server.
 - c. In the Server Port Number text box, enter the port number on the FTP server through which the download occurs. The default value is 21.
- Step 13** Click **Download** to download the software to the controller. A message appears indicating the status of the download.
- Step 14** After the download is complete, click **Reboot**.
- Step 15** If prompted to save your changes, click **Save and Reboot**.
- Step 16** Click **OK** to confirm your decision to reboot the controller.
- Step 17** For Cisco WiSM2 on the Catalyst switch, check the port channel and reenable the port channel if necessary.
- Step 18** If you have disabled the 802.11a/n and 802.11b/g/n networks in [Step 4](#), reenable them.
- Step 19** To verify that the 7.4.140.0 controller software is installed on your controller, click **Monitor** on the controller GUI and look at the Software Version field under Controller Summary.

Special Notes for Licensed Data Payload Encryption on Cisco Wireless Controllers

Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) is required for all Cisco 600 Series OfficeExtend Access Point deployments to encrypt data plane traffic between the APs and the controller. You can purchase Cisco Wireless Controllers with either DTLS that is enabled (non-LDPE) or disabled (LDPE). If DTLS is disabled, you must install a DTLS license to enable DTLS encryption. The DTLS license is available for download on Cisco.com.

Important Note for Customers in Russia

If you plan to install a Cisco Wireless Controller in Russia, you must get a Paper PAK, and not download the license from Cisco.com. The DTLS Paper PAK license is for customers who purchase a controller with DTLS that is disabled due to import restrictions but have authorization from local regulators to add DTLS support after the initial purchase. Consult your local government regulations to ensure that DTLS encryption is permitted.



Note

Paper PAKs and electronic licenses available are outlined in the respective controller datasheets.

Downloading and Installing a DTLS License for an LDPE Controller

- Step 1** Download the Cisco DTLS license.
- a. Go to the Cisco Software Center at this URL:
<https://tools.cisco.com/SWIFT/LicensingUI/Home>
 - b. On the Product License Registration page, choose **Get New > IPS, Crypto, Other Licenses**.
 - c. Under **Wireless**, choose **Cisco Wireless Controllers (2500/5500/7500/8500/WiSM2) DTLS License**.

- d. Complete the remaining steps to generate the license file. The license file information will be sent to you in an e-mail.
- Step 2** Copy the license file to your TFTP server.
- Step 3** Install the DTLS license. You can install the license either by using the controller web GUI interface or the CLI:
- To install the license using the web GUI, choose:
Management > Software Activation > Commands > Action: Install License
 - To install the license using the CLI, enter this command:
license install tftp://ipaddress /path /extracted-file
- After the installation of the DTLS license, reboot the system. Ensure that the DTLS license that is installed is active.

Upgrading from an LDPE to a Non-LDPE Controller

- Step 1** Download the non-LDPE software release:
- a. Go to the Cisco Software Center at this URL:
<http://www.cisco.com/cisco/software/navigator.html?mdfid=282585015&i=rm>
 - b. Choose the controller model from the right selection box.
 - c. Click **Wireless LAN Controller Software**.
 - d. From the left navigation pane, click the software release number for which you want to install the non-LDPE software.
 - e. Choose the non-LDPE software release: AIR-X-K9-X-X.X.aes
 - f. Click **Download**.
 - g. Read Cisco's End User Software License Agreement and then click **Agree**.
 - h. Save the file to your hard drive.
- Step 2** Copy the controller software file (*filename.aes*) to the default directory on your TFTP or FTP server.
- Step 3** Upgrade the controller with this version by following the instructions from [Step 3](#) through [Step 19](#) detailed in the [“Upgrading to Controller Software Release 7.4.140.0”](#) section on page 7.

Interoperability With Other Clients in 7.4.140.0

This section describes the interoperability of the version of controller software with other client devices. [Table 3](#) describes the configuration used for testing the clients.

Table 3 Test Bed Configuration for Interoperability

Hardware/Software Parameter	Hardware/Software Configuration Type
Release	7.4.140.0

Table 3 Test Bed Configuration for Interoperability

Controller	Cisco 5500 Series Controller
Access points	1131, 1142, 1242, 1252, 3500e, 3500i, and 3600
Radio	802.11a, 802.11g, 802.11n2, 802.11n5
Security	Open, WEP, PSK (WPA and WPA2), 802.1X (WPA-TKIP and WPA2-AES) (LEAP, PEAP, EAP-FAST, EAP-TLS)
RADIUS	ACS 4.2, ACS 5.2
Types of tests	Connectivity, traffic, and roaming between two access points

Table 4 lists the client types on which the tests were conducted. The clients included laptops, handheld devices, phones, and printers.

Table 4 Client Types

Client Type and Name	Version
Laptop	
Intel 3945/4965	11.5.1.15 or 12.4.4.5, v13.4
Intel 5100/5300/6200/6300	v14.3.0.6
Intel 1000/1030/6205	v14.3.0.6
Dell 1395/1397/Broadcom 4312HMG(L)	XP/Vista: 5.60.18.8 Win7: 5.30.21.0
Dell 1501 (Broadcom BCM4313)	v5.60.48.35/v5.60.350.11
Dell 1505/1510/Broadcom 4321MCAG/4322HM	5.60.18.8
Dell 1515(Atheros)	8.0.0.239
Dell 1520/Broadcom 43224HMS	5.60.48.18
Dell 1530 (Broadcom BCM4359)	v5.100.235.12
Cisco CB21	v1.3.0.532
Atheros HB92/HB97	8.0.0.320
Atheros HB95	7.7.0.358
MacBook Pro (Broadcom)	5.10.91.26
Handheld Devices	
Apple iPad	iOS 5.0.1
Apple iPad2	iOS 6.0(10A403)
Apple iPad3	iOS 6.0(10A403)
Asus Slider	Android 3.2.1
Asus Transformer	Android 4.0.3
Sony Tablet S	Android 3.2.1
Toshiba Thrive	Android 3.2.1
Samsung Galaxy Tab	Android 3.2

Table 4 Client Types (continued)

Client Type and Name	Version
Motorola Xoom	Android 3.1
Intermec CK70	Windows Mobile 6.5 / 2.01.06.0355
Intermec CN50	Windows Mobile 6.1 / 2.01.06.0333
Symbol MC5590	Windows Mobile 6.5 / 3.00.0.0.051R
Symbol MC75	Windows Mobile 6.5 / 3.00.2.0.006R
Phones and Printers	
Cisco 7921G	1.4.2.LOADS
Cisco 7925G	1.4.2.LOADS
Ascom i75	1.8.0
Spectralink 8030	119.081/131.030/132.030
Vocera B1000A	4.1.0.2817
Vocera B2000	4.0.0.345
Apple iPhone 4	iOS 6.0(10A403)
Apple iPhone 4S	iOS 6.0(10A403)
Apple iPhone 5	iOS 6.0(10A405)
Ascom i62	2.5.7
HTC Legend	Android 2.2
HTC Sensation	Android 2.3.3
LG Optimus 2X	Android 2.2.2
Motorola Milestone	Android 2.2.1
RIM Blackberry Pearl 9100	WLAN version 4.0
RIM Blackberry Bold 9700	WLAN version 2.7
Samsung Galaxy S II	Android 2.3.3
SpectraLink 8450	3.0.2.6098/5.0.0.8774
Samsung Galaxy Nexus	Android 4.0.2
Motorola Razr	Android 2.3.6

Features Not Supported on Controller Platforms

This section lists the features that are not supported in the following platforms:

- [Features Not Supported on Cisco 2500 Series Controllers](#)
- [Features Not Supported on WiSM2 and Cisco 5500 Series Controllers](#)
- [Features Not Supported on Cisco Flex 7500 Controllers](#)
- [Features Not Supported on Cisco 8500 Controllers](#)
- [Features Not Supported on Cisco Wireless Controller on Cisco Services-Ready Engine](#)
- [Features Not Supported on Cisco Virtual Wireless Controllers](#)

- [Features Not Supported on Mesh Networks](#)

Features Not Supported on Cisco 2500 Series Controllers

- Wired guest access
- Bandwidth contract
- Service port
- AppleTalk Bridging
- Right to Use licensing
- PMIPv6
- High Availability
- Multicast-to-unicast


Note

The features that are not supported on Cisco WiSM2 and Cisco 5500 Series Controllers are also not supported on Cisco 2500 Series Controllers.


Note

Directly connected APs are supported only in Local mode.

Features Not Supported on WiSM2 and Cisco 5500 Series Controllers

- Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)
- Port mirroring
- Layer 2 access control list (ACL) support
- VPN termination (such as IPsec and L2TP)
- VPN passthrough option


Note

You can replicate this functionality on a 5500 series controller by creating an open WLAN using an ACL.

- Configuration of 802.3 bridging, AppleTalk, and Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE)
- Fragmented pings on any interface
- Right to Use licensing

Features Not Supported on Cisco Flex 7500 Controllers

- Static AP-manager interface



Note For Cisco 7500 Series controllers, it is not necessary to configure an AP-manager interface. The management interface acts like an AP-manager interface by default, and the access points can join on this interface.

- L3 Roaming
- VideoStream
- TrustSec SXP
- IPv6/Dual Stack client visibility



Note IPv6 client bridging and Router Advertisement Guard are supported.

- Internal DHCP server
- Access points in the following modes: Local, Rogue Detector, Sniffer, Bridge, and SE-Connect



Note An AP associated with the controller in local mode should be converted to FlexConnect mode or Monitor mode, either manually or by enabling the autoconvert feature. On the Flex 7500 controller CLI, enable the autoconvert feature by entering the **config ap autoconvert enable** command.

- Mesh
- Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)
- Cisco Flex 7500 Series Controller cannot be configured as a guest anchor controller. However, it can be configured as a foreign controller to tunnel guest traffic to a guest anchor controller in a DMZ.
- Multicast



Note FlexConnect local switched multicast traffic is bridged transparently for both wired and wireless on the same VLAN. FlexConnect access points do not limit traffic that is based on IGMP or MLD snooping.

- PMIPv6
- 802.11w

Features Not Supported on Cisco 8500 Controllers

- Cisco 8500 Series Controller cannot be configured as a guest anchor controller. However, it can be configured as a foreign controller to tunnel guest traffic to a guest anchor controller in a DMZ.
- TrustSec SXP
- Internal DHCP server

Features Not Supported on Cisco Wireless Controller on Cisco Services-Ready Engine

- Wired guest access
- Cisco Wireless Controller on Cisco Services-Ready Engine (SRE) cannot be configured as a guest anchor controller. However, it can be configured as a foreign controller to tunnel guest traffic to a guest anchor controller in a DMZ.
- Bandwidth contract
- Access points in direct connect mode
- Service port support
- AppleTalk Bridging
- LAG
- Application Visibility and Control (AVC)

Features Not Supported on Cisco Virtual Wireless Controllers

- Data DTLS
- Cisco 600 Series OfficeExtend Access Points
- Wireless rate limiting (bandwidth contract)
- Internal DHCP server
- TrustSec SXP
- Access points in local mode
- Mobility/guest anchor
- Multicast



Note FlexConnect local switched multicast traffic is bridged transparently for both wired and wireless on the same VLAN. FlexConnect access points do not limit traffic that is based on IGMP or MLD snooping.

- IPv6
- High Availability
- PMIPv6
- WGB
- VideoStream
- Outdoor mesh access points



Note Outdoor AP in FlexConnect mode is supported.

- Indoor mesh access points
- 802.11w

- Application Visibility and Control (AVC)

Features Not Supported on Mesh Networks

- Multicountry support
- Load-based CAC (mesh networks support only bandwidth-based CAC or static CAC)
- High availability (fast heartbeat and primary discovery join timer)
- AP acting as supplicant with EAP-FASTv1 and 802.1X authentication
- Access point join priority (mesh access points have a fixed priority)
- Location-based services

Caveats

The following sections lists [Open Caveats](#) and [Resolved Caveats](#) for Cisco controllers and lightweight access points for version 7.4.140.0. For your convenience in locating caveats in Cisco's Bug Toolkit, the caveat titles listed in this section are drawn directly from the Bug Toolkit database. These caveat titles are not intended to be read as complete sentences because the title field length is limited. In the caveat titles, some truncation of wording or punctuation might be necessary to provide the most complete and concise description. The only modifications made to these titles are as follows:

- Commands are in **boldface** type.
- Product names and acronyms might be standardized.
- Spelling errors and typos might be corrected.

If you need information about a specific caveat that does not appear in these release notes, you can use the Cisco Bug Toolkit to find caveats of any severity. Click this URL to browse to the Bug Toolkit:

<https://tools.cisco.com/bugsearch/search>



Note

If you request a defect that cannot be displayed, the defect number might not exist, the defect might not yet have a customer-visible description, or the defect might be marked Cisco Confidential.

Open Caveats

Table 5 **Open Caveats**

ID	Headline
CSCts20040	Kernel oops when tried to disable SXP by configuration
CSCty84682	AP not forwarding mcast data and querier messages
CSCuc72713	WLC should not move the client to RUN state with LL IPv6 addr.
CSCuc78713	dWEP client cannot receive broadcast after broadcast key rotation
CSCuc98178	AP sends CAPWAP data to wrong mac when hsrp is unconfigured
CSCud07983	WLC not show inner username of Local EAP Transaction

Table 5 *Open Caveats (continued)*

ID	Headline
CSCud26632	usmdb sync failure while changing channel width and channel number
CSCud69426	AAA Overridden ACL is not applied in WLAN Change
CSCue04517	Cannot disable 802.11 monitor measurements
CSCue44986	Client cannot detect SIP port while doing Face time call
CSCue56035	Various AP Predownload fixes
CSCue62171	HA: standby WLC forwards Multicast traffic on capwap tunnel
CSCue72667	8500 or vWLC doesn't include 4th SP data in response
CSCue86171	APs assigned power level is lower than min configured value.
CSCue88103	Traceback: #APF-3-VALIDATE_DOT11i_CIPHERS_FAILED
CSCue91034	Multicast: Handling link-local group addresses in CP/DP without L3 MGID
CSCue93501	Cannot select a-antenna option of AP by WLC's GUI
CSCue99208	Advance 802.11 monitor noise command is lost after reboot
CSCuf13997	Access VLAN becomes -1 for web auth client when AAA is not configured
CSCuf56192	Unable to delete a mDNS profile in a particular case
CSCuf57551	No need to validate name ACL on foreign WLC for auto-anchoring case
CSCuf93768	PI 1.3 displays incorrect PoE status for AP
CSCug19228	SP Wi-Fi: config mesh linktest CLI broken
CSCug49148	Status LED on 1552 in local mode is blinking Green in Normal operation
CSCug73845	WLC NAS-ID override is taking system name
CSCug96865	Unexpected packet is send to RADIUS server periodically from standby WLC
CSCug97505	AP may send IAPP with DSCP different from 0
CSCuh16842	Override of assigned intf on intf group due to static IP breaks IPv6
CSCuh16870	Override assigned intf on intf group due to static IP removed on reauth
CSCuh20155	"2600/3600 AP gets into ""ap:" mode after power cycle"
CSCuh46442	LAP displays %CAPWAP-3-ERRORLOG messages when AP join
CSCuh50505	WiSM2 or WLC crashed when enabling TPCv2 on 7.4.100.60
CSCuh94259	mDNS on Interface Group fails Active WLAN using interface group
CSCuh99194	Maximum number of Clients per AP Radio not working as expected
CSCui01912	AP1240 subordinate not predownloading image from primary AP.
CSCui23191	Release 7.4.110.0: 1242 AP predownload fails sometimes on upgrade
CSCui33284	Open SSID downstream packet loss due to Wireless Seq # Reset
CSCui55350	Continuous messages *dtlArpTask: osapi_sem.c:1179 Failed to acquire ..
CSCui65225	802.11k neighbor report response not sent when using AP-groups
CSCui73517	FlexConnect AP's radio interface reset on fault tolerance
CSCui86670	DNS domain name not written to AP when configured with static IP from WLC
CSCuj05012	Radio reset: packets stuck in HW radio after channel change.

Table 5 **Open Caveats (continued)**

ID	Headline
CSCUj07119	AP group NAS-ID override not honored when roaming between APs in dif group
CSCUj14843	vWLC: prevent service/data port confusion
CSCUj17683	802.11r Roaming: AP may sometimes send deauth with reason code 7
CSCUj29192	WLC: Traceback error seen with multiple instances
CSCUj32257	AP secures CAC bandwidth for SIP phone during inter WLC roaming w/o call
CSCUj36599	On the same Flex AP P2P blocking for 802.1x WLAN is broken
CSCUj60088	MM-3-MEMORY_READ_ERROR: msg logs on 5508
CSCUj66912	WiSM2 snmp get for secondary Power Supply is incorrect
CSCUj93777	Mesh AP should block data packets before BPDU packets are handled
CSCUj95892	Syslog Msg not generated when a port in a LAG comes back up
CSCUj96172	bsnDot11StationAssociate varbinds order is different than whats defined
CSCUj97293	WLC crashes at PKI_GetCertIssuerInfo with cmd show local-auth certificates
CSCUl25617	Enabling AP Manager on WLC 2500 shows irrelevant mDNS profile popup
CSCUl57266	Show client detail on WLC is inaccurate compared to the Flexconnect AP
CSCUl72669	Deauth frame is not sent out before interface reset by RLDP
CSCUl78198	RAID Volume Status should show proper error codes instead of unknown.
CSCUl81000	Dirty interface logic broken for Interface Group override
CSCUl87119	WLC log: ICMP dest unreachable reported as invalid ping response
CSCUm01621	FlexConnect local switching client VLAN shows N/A
CSCUm90765	WLC 5508 Drops fragmented packets
CSCUn27153	Treat ff02::2:ffxx:xxxx/104 as link local multicast
CSCUn36255	Configuring Bandwidth Parameters in QoS profile disables the WLAN status
CSCUn45503	FlexConnect: wired client mac address table not updated on WGB roaming
CSCUo20684	the value timestamp-tolerance is changed from 1000 to 0 after restoring
CSCUq88748	Rogue APs wrong classification from malicious to unclassified
CSCUr91010	“Failed backup “”config network multicast mode multicast {addr}”” on CT2504”
CSCUn25338	Rogue state changed by field is missing after config download.
CSCUp93935	RRM must not push DFS channel change to all of RF group
CSCUs80685	AP sends few frames with previous security association's packet number
CSCUt94920	WGB with native VLAN is not getting IP address

Resolved Caveats

Table 6 *Resolved Caveats*

Bug ID	Headline
CSCud70102	AP radio stays offchannel for >70 ms during RRM scan (fix broke ap1140)
CSCud89130	AP crashes while making SIP call after IPv6 collapse
CSCui65222	FlexConnect: VLAN-ACL at AP level does NOT work after HA - 7500 HA pair
CSCui65893	Unable to apply wIPS Profile from PI 1.4.1 as profile size limit is 12K
CSCui82573	Double AID allocation in OKC Fast Roaming in FlexConnect
CSCui94634	Flex AP disjoins after ACL push, CAPWAP processing hangs DTLS timeout
CSCuj65131	WiSM2 Webauth failing POST reply after 9990-10k clients
CSCul99510	WGB client getting ip from different vlan
CSCum21112	Configuration is not properly stored on single radio APs
CSCun82797	RTP downstream marked with UP0 after 7925/8861 roaming
CSCuo00381	FlexConnect group showing duplicate AP entry.
CSCuo44475	AP info file has wrong ws_management_version value
CSCuo70899	traceback #APF-3-WLAN_OUT_OF_RANGE in HA 5500 standby controller
CSCup84060	Radio interface down with rcore on 1130 and 1240 Aps
CSCup96353	HA enabled Controller crash, Task: NFV9_Task
CSCuq09859	APs sending GARP and ARP requests approx every 2 seconds.
CSCuq19142	LAP/WLC MIC lifetime expiration causes DTLS failure
CSCuq42751	WLC not sending all the Client attributes to PI
CSCuq81885	DHCP fails Flexconnect Local Switching MAC Filtering RADIUS VLAN assign
CSCur00288	8.0.100.0 client is shown with "ip address unknown" and "dhcp required"
CSCur38682	AP FlexConnect - local switch/local auth sends deauth 802.1x on PSK wlan
CSCus38268	Memory Leak on WiSM2 due to SNMPTask on 7.4.121.0
CSCus42727	JANUARY 2015 OpenSSL Vulnerabilities
CSCus46861	LIZRD attack : Denial of Service
CSCus69513	WLC: Evaluation of glibc GHOST vulnerability - CVE-2015-0235
CSCut45950	MARCH 2015 OpenSSL Vulnerabilities
CSCut65001	7500 HA crashed with task name emWeb
CSCuq86269	DFS detection due to Broadcom spurious emissions
CSCun95178	DOM CSS report on help page was fixed through CSCut90355
CSCus21276	Kernel panic on Cisco WiSM2/5508/2504 WLC in Release 8.0 when using Webauth
CSCus55004	Kernel panic with pre-auth ACL and external web-redirect
CSCut31679	Kernel panic: Unhandled kernel unaligned access

Installation Notes

This section contains important information to keep in mind when installing controllers and access points.

Warnings



Warning

This warning means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents. Use the statement number provided at the end of each warning to locate its translation in the translated safety warnings that accompanied this device.

Statement 1071



Warning

Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

Statement 1030



Warning

Do not locate the antenna near overhead power lines or other electric light or power circuits, or where it can come into contact with such circuits. When installing the antenna, take extreme care not to come into contact with such circuits, as they may cause serious injury or death. For proper installation and grounding of the antenna, please refer to national and local codes (e.g. U.S.: NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, Article 810, Canada: Canadian Electrical Code, Section 54).

Statement 280



Warning

This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that a fuse or circuit breaker no larger than 120 VAC, 15A U.S. (240 VAC, 10A international) is used on the phase conductors (all current-carrying conductors).

Statement 13



Warning

This equipment must be grounded. Never defeat the ground conductor or operate the equipment in the absence of a suitably installed ground connector. Contact the appropriate electrical inspection authority or an electrician if you are uncertain that suitable grounding is available.

Statement 1024



Warning

Read the installation instructions before you connect the system to its power source.

Statement 10



Warning

Do not work on the system or connect or disconnect any cables (Ethernet, cable, or power) during periods of lightning activity. The possibility of serious physical injury exists if lightning should strike and travel through those cables. In addition, the equipment could be damaged by the higher levels of static electricity present in the atmosphere.

Statement 276



Warning

Do not operate the unit near unshielded blasting caps or in an explosive environment unless the device has been modified to be especially qualified for such use.

Statement 364



In order to comply with radio frequency (RF) exposure limits, the antennas for this product should be positioned no less than 6.56 ft. (2 m) from your body or nearby persons. Statement 339



This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security.

Statement 1017

Safety Information

Follow the guidelines in this section to ensure proper operation and safe use of the controllers and access points.

FCC Safety Compliance Statement

FCC Compliance with its action in ET Docket 96-8, has adopted a safety standard for human exposure to RF electromagnetic energy emitted by FCC-certified equipment. When used with approved Cisco Aironet antennas, Cisco Aironet products meet the uncontrolled environmental limits found in OET-65 and ANSI C95.1, 1991. Proper operation of this radio device according to the instructions in this publication results in user exposure substantially below the FCC recommended limits.

Safety Precautions

For your safety, and to help you achieve a good installation, read and follow these safety precautions. They might save your life!

1. If you are installing an antenna for the first time, for your own safety as well as others, seek professional assistance. Your Cisco sales representative can explain which mounting method to use for the size and type of antenna you are about to install.
2. Select your installation site with safety as well as performance in mind. Electric power lines and phone lines look alike. For your safety, assume that any overhead line can kill you.
3. Call your electric power company. Tell them your plans and ask them to come look at your proposed installation. This is a small inconvenience considering your life is at stake.
4. Plan your installation carefully and completely before you begin. Successfully raising a mast or tower is largely a matter of coordination. Each person should be assigned to a specific task and should know what to do and when to do it. One person should be in charge of the operation to issue instructions and watch for signs of trouble.
5. When installing an antenna, remember:
 - a. Do not use a metal ladder.
 - b. Do not work on a wet or windy day.
 - c. Do dress properly—shoes with rubber soles and heels, rubber gloves, long-sleeved shirt or jacket.
6. If the assembly starts to drop, get away from it and let it fall. Remember that the antenna, mast, cable, and metal guy wires are all excellent conductors of electrical current. Even the slightest touch of any of these parts to a power line completes an electrical path through the antenna and the installer: **you!**

7. If any part of an antenna system should come in contact with a power line, do not touch it or try to remove it yourself. Call your local power company. They will remove it safely.
8. If an accident should occur with the power lines, call for qualified emergency help immediately.

Installation Instructions

See the appropriate quick start guide or hardware installation guide for instructions on installing controllers and access points.

**Note**

To meet regulatory restrictions, all external antenna configurations must be installed by experts.

Personnel installing the controllers and access points must understand wireless techniques and grounding methods. Access points with internal antennas can be installed by an experienced IT professional.

The controller must be installed by a network administrator or qualified IT professional, and the proper country code must be selected. Following installation, access to the controller should be password protected by the installer to maintain compliance with regulatory requirements and ensure proper unit functionality.

Service and Support

Troubleshooting

For the most up-to-date, detailed troubleshooting information, see the Cisco TAC website at this URL:
<http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html>

Click **Product Support** > **Wireless**. Then choose your product and **Troubleshooting** to find information on the problem you are experiencing.

Related Documentation

For additional information about the Cisco controllers and lightweight access points, see these documents:

- The quick start guide or installation guide for your particular controller or access point
- *Cisco Wireless Controller Configuration Guide*
- *Cisco Wireless Controller Command Reference*
- *Cisco Wireless Controller System Message Guide*

You can access these documents at this URL: <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/index.html>.

Obtaining Documentation and Submitting a Service Request

For information on obtaining documentation, using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see *What's New in Cisco Product Documentation* at: <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/general/whatsnew/whatsnew.html>.

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