

802.1Q Trunking Between Catalyst Switches Running CatOS

Document ID: 8757

Interactive: This document offers customized analysis of your Cisco device.

Contents

Introduction

Before You Begin

- Conventions
- Prerequisites
- Components Used
- Background Theory

Configure

- Network Diagram
- Configurations

Verify

- Sample show Command Output

Troubleshoot

Related Information

Introduction

This document provides sample configurations on 802.1Q (dot1q) trunking between a Catalyst 5500 and 5000 switch, both running Catalyst OS (CatOS). Any Catalyst 4000, 5000, or 6000 family member running CatOS can be used in this scenario to obtain the same results.

Trunks carry the traffic of multiple VLANs over a single link, and allow you to extend VLANs across an entire network. Two ways in which Ethernet trunking can be implemented are:

- InterSwitch Link (ISL) protocol – ISL is a Cisco–proprietary trunking encapsulation. For more information on ISL, refer to InterSwitch Link Frame Format.
- 802.1Q (IEEE standard) – 802.1Q is an industry–standard trunking encapsulation. For more information on 802.1Q, refer to Trunking Between Catalyst 4000, 5000, and 6000 Family Switches Using 802.1Q Encapsulation.

Before You Begin

Conventions

For more information on document conventions, see the Cisco Technical Tips Conventions.

Prerequisites

This document shows the configuration files from the CatOS switches, and the output from the related sample **show** commands. For details on how to configure a 802.1Q trunk between the Catalyst switches, refer to the following document:

- Trunking Between Catalyst 4000, 5000, and 6000 Family Switches Using 802.1Q Encapsulation

Components Used

To create the examples in this document, the following switches were used in a lab environment with cleared configurations:

- Catalyst 5500 switch running Catalyst OS 6.4(2) software
- Catalyst 6500 switch running Catalyst OS 6.4(2) software

The configurations on all devices were cleared with the **clear config all** command to ensure they had a default configuration.

The information presented in this document was created from devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If you are working in a live network, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command before using it.

Background Theory

Note the following:

- The Catalyst 4000 family switches (including Catalyst 2948G and Catalyst 2980G) only supports 802.1Q trunking, not ISL trunking. For more information, refer to System Requirements to Implement Trunking.
- All Ethernet ports on the Catalyst 6000/6500 support 802.1Q and ISL encapsulation, with the exception of the 10-Gigabit Ethernet switching module, which does not support ISL.
- Depending on the module, Catalyst 5000 trunk capable ports support only ISL encapsulation, or both ISL and 802.1Q. The best way to verify this is to issue the **show port capabilities** command. The trunking capacity is explicitly stated. For example:

```

cat5509> show port capabilities 2/1
Model                WS-X5550
Port                 2/1
Type                 1000BaseSX
Speed                1000
Duplex               full
Trunk encap type     802.1Q,ISL

!-- This particular port supports both 802.1Q and ISL.

Trunk mode          on,off,desirable,auto,nonegotiate
Channel             no
Broadcast suppression percentage(0-100)
Flow control        receive-(off,on,desired),send-(off,on,desired)
Security            no
Dot1x               yes
Membership          static
Fast start          yes
QoS scheduling      rx-(none),tx-(none)
CoS rewrite         no
ToS rewrite         no
Rewrite             no
UDLD                yes
AuxiliaryVlan       no
SPAN                source,destination
cat5509> (enable)

```

For more information on system requirements for trunking, refer to System Requirements to Implement

Trunking.

- Make sure that the trunking modes match across the trunk link. If one side of the link is configured as an ISL trunk, the other side of the link should also be configured as ISL. Similarly, if one side of the link is configured as 802.1Q, the other side of the link should also be configured as 802.1Q.
- In 802.1Q trunking, all VLAN packets are tagged on the trunk link, except the native VLAN. The native VLAN packets are sent untagged on the trunk link. Therefore, the native VLAN should be same on both switches configured for trunking. This way, we can deduce to which VLAN a frame belongs when we receive a frame with no tag. By default, VLAN 1 is the native VLAN on all switches.
 - ◆ In CatOS, the native VLAN can be changed by issuing the **set vlan *vlan-id* *mod/port*** command, where *mod/port* is the trunk port.

For more information refer to Trunking Between Catalyst 4000, 5000, and 6000 Family Switches Using 802.1Q Encapsulation.

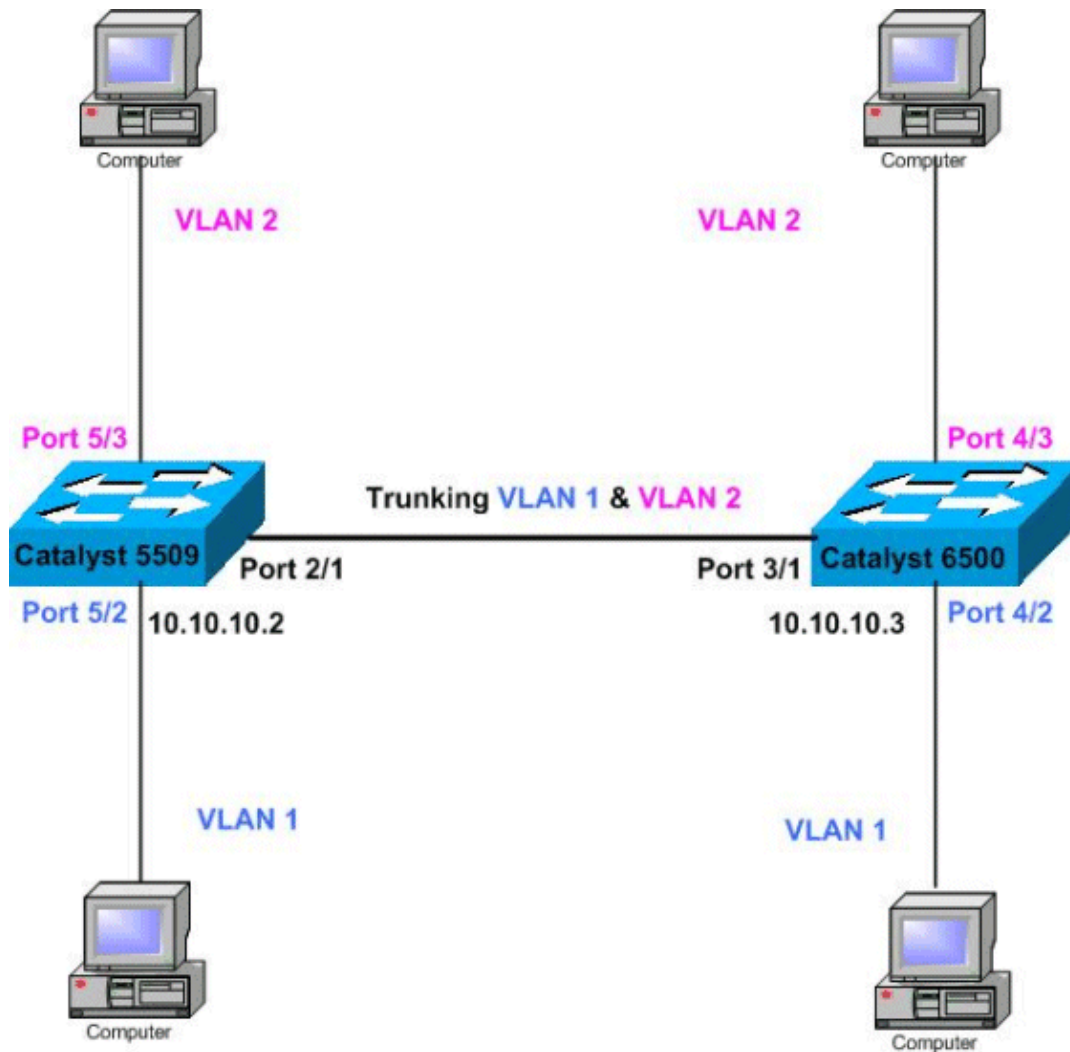
Configure

In this section, you are presented with the information to configure the features described in this document.

Note: To find additional information on the commands used in this document, use the Command Lookup Tool (registered customers only) .

Network Diagram

This document uses the network setup shown in the diagram below.



Configurations

This document uses the configurations shown below.

Note: Comments between the outputs are added in blue italics.

- Catalyst 5509
- Catalyst 6500

Catalyst 5509

```
#version 6.4(2)
!  
set option fddi-user-pri enabled  
set password $2$q.J7$05n.pwx7aEC6NHWJfXadx1  
set enablepass $2$o.h/$bAxfjJ4XUA/RMUHqBr1YQ0  
!  
#errordetection  
set errordetection portcounter enable  
!  
#system  
set system name cat5509  
!  
#frame distribution method  
set port channel all distribution mac both  
!
```

```
#vtp

!--- In this example, the VTP mode is set to be transparent.
!--- Depending on your network, set the VLAN Trunking Protocol (VTP)
!--- mode accordingly.

set vtp mode transparent

!--- For details on VTP, refer to Configuring VTP on Catalyst Switches.

set vlan 1 name default type ethernet mtu 1500 said 100001 state active
set vlan 1002 name fddi-default type fddi mtu 1500 said 101002 state active
set vlan 1004 name fddinet-default type fddinet mtu 1500 said 101004 state active stp ieee
set vlan 1005 name trnet-default type trbrf mtu 1500 said 101005 state active stp ibm
set vlan 2
set vlan 1003 name token-ring-default type trcrf mtu 1500 said 101003 state active mode srb aremaxhop 7 stemaxhop 7 backupcrf off
!
#ip

!--- IP address used for management.

set interface sc0 1 10.10.10.2/255.255.255.0 10.10.10.255

!
#set boot command
set boot config-register 0x2102
set boot system flash slot0:cat5000-supg.6-4-2.bin
!
# default port status is enable
!
!
#module 1 empty
!
#module 2 : 2-port 100BaseX Supervisor IIIG

!--- The dot1q trunking mode is set to on. Depending on your network
!--- and requirements, set the trunking mode accordingly.

set trunk 2/1 on dot1q 1-1005

!--- For details on different trunking modes, refer to
!--- Configuring VLAN Trunks on Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet Ports.

!
#module 3 empty
!
#module 4 empty

#module 5 : 24-port 10/100BaseTX Ethernet

!--- Ports 5/3-24 have been assigned to VLAN 2.

set vlan 2 5/3-24

!--- Portfast has been enabled on the ports connected to the workstations.

set spantree portfast 5/2-24 enable

!--- For details on why to enable portfast, refer to
!--- Using PortFast and Other Commands to Fix Workstation Startup Connectivity Delays.

!
#module 6 empty
!
```

!--- Output suppressed.

end

Catalyst 6500

```
#Version 6.4(2)
!
set option fddi-user-pri enabled
set password $2$J75L$Ug4163kfeHTDcLJZ/L9es1
set enablepass $2$h/BN$i3S54iNvIXknFelh6gOve0
!
#errordetection
set errordetection portcounter enable
!
#system
set system name cat6500
!
#frame distribution method
set port channel all distribution Mac both
!
#vtp

!--- In this example, the VTP mode is set to be transparent.
!--- Depending on your network, set the VTP mode accordingly.

set vtp mode transparent

!--- For details on VTP, refer to
!--- Configuring VTP on Catalyst Switches.

set vlan 1 name default type ethernet mtu 1500 said 100001 state active
set vlan 1002 name fddi-default type fddi mtu 1500 said 101002 state active

!--- The lines below are wrapped around for display reasons.

set vlan 1004 name fddinet-default type fddinet mtu 1500 said 101004 state active stp IEEE
set vlan 1005 name trnet-default type trbrf mtu 1500 said 101005 state
    active stp IBM
set vlan 2
set vlan 1003 name token-ring-default type trcrf mtu 1500 said 101003 state
    active mode srb aremaxhop 7 stemaxhop 7 backupcrf off
!
#ip

!--- IP address used for management.

set interface sc0 1 10.10.10.3/255.255.255.0 10.10.10.255

!
#set boot command
set boot config-register 0x2102
set boot system flash slot0:cat6000-sup2.6-4-2.bin
!
# default port status is enable
!
!
#module 1 : 2-port 1000BaseX Supervisorset module name 1
!
#module 2 : 12-port 10/100BaseTX Ethernet
!
#module 3 : 8-port 1000BaseX Ethernet

set module name 3
```

```

!--- The dot1q trunking mode is set to on. Depending on your network
!--- and requirements, set the trunking mode accordingly.

set trunk 3/1 on dot1q 1-1005,1025-4094

!--- For details on different trunking modes, refer to
!--- Configuring VLAN Trunks on Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet Ports.

!
#module 4 : 48-port 10/100BaseTX Ethernet

!--- Ports 4/3-24 have been assigned to VLAN 2.

set vlan 2 4/3-48

!--- Portfast has been enabled on the ports connected to the workstations.

set spantree portfast 4/2-48 enable

!--- For details on why to enable portfast, refer to
!--- Using PortFast and Other Commands to Fix Workstation Startup Connectivity Delays.

!
#module 5 : 12-port 10BaseFL Ethernet
end

!--- Output suppressed.

```

Verify

This section provides information you can use to confirm your configuration is working properly.

Certain **show** commands are supported by the Output Interpreter tool (registered customers only) , which allows you to view an analysis of **show** command output.

- **show port capabilities** *module/port*
- **show port** *module/port*
- **show trunk**
- **show vtp domain**

Sample show Command Output

Catalyst 5509 Switch

The following are some of the commands used to verify the trunking configurations:

show port capabilities *module/port* – This command is used to verify if the port is capable of trunking.

```

cat5509> (enable) show port capabilities 2/1
Model                WS-X5550
Port                 2/1
Type                 1000BaseSX
Speed                1000
Duplex               full
Trunk encap type     802.1Q,ISL

```

!--- This particular port supports both 802.1Q and ISL

```

Trunk mode          on,off,desirable,auto,nonegotiate
Channel             no
Broadcast suppression percentage(0-100)
Flow control        receive-(off,on,desired),send-(off,on,desired)
Security            no
Dot1x               yes
Membership           static
Fast start           yes
QOS scheduling       rx-(none),TX(1q4t)
COs rewrite          no
ToS rewrite          no
Rewrite              no
UDLD                 yes
AuxiliaryVlan        no
SPAN                 source,destination
cat5509> (enable)

```

show port module/port – This command tells the status of a particular port, and whether or not it is trunking.

```

cat5509> (enable) show port 2/1
Port Name          Status      Vlan      Level Duplex Speed Type
-----
2/1                connected  trunk     normal  full  1000 1000BaseSX

Port  Trap      IfIndex
----  -
2/1   disabled  47

Port      Broadcast-Limit Broadcast-Drop
-----
2/1      -              0

Port  Send FlowControl  Receive FlowControl  RxPause  TxPause  Unsupported
      admin   oper      admin   oper              opcodes
-----
2/1   desired off      off     off              0        0        0

Port  Align-Err  FCS-Err  Xmit-Err  Rcv-Err  UnderSize
-----
2/1      0         0         0         2         0

Port  Single-Col  Multi-Coll  Late-Coll  Excess-Col  Carri-Sen  Runts  Giants
-----
2/1      0         0         0         0         0         0         -

```

!--- Output suppressed.

show trunk – This command is used to verify the trunking status and configuration.

```

cat5500> (enable) show trunk
* - indicates vtp domain mismatch
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
-----
4/1      on        dot1q          trunking    1

Port      Vlans allowed on trunk
-----
4/1      1-1005

Port      Vlans allowed and active in management domain
-----
4/1      1-2

```


Port	Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
4/1	1-2

show vtp domain – This command is used to check the VTP information.

```

cat5500> (enable) show vtp domain
Domain Name                               Domain Index VTP Version Local Mode Password
-----
                               1                2                Transparent -

Vlan-count Max-vlan-storage Config Revision Notifications
-----
6           1023              0                disabled

Last Updater   V2 Mode Pruning PruneEligible on Vlans
-----
10.10.10.2     disabled disabled 2-1000

```

If you have the output of a **show-tech support** command from your Cisco device, you can use Output Interpreter (registered customers only) to display potential issues and fixes.

Catalyst 6500 Switch

Following are some of the commands used to verify the trunking configurations:

show port capabilities module/port – This command is used to verify if the port is capable of trunking.

```

cat6500> (enable) show port capabilities 3/1
Model                WS-X6408A-GBIC
Port                 3/1
Type                 1000BaseSX
Speed                1000
Duplex                full
Trunk encap type     802.1Q,ISL
Trunk mode            on,off,desirable,auto,nonegotiate
Channel              yes
Broadcast suppression percentage(0-100)
Flow control          receive-(off,on),send-(off,on)
Security              yes
Dot1x                 yes
Membership            static,dynamic
Fast start            yes
QOS scheduling        rx-(1p1q4t),tx-(1p2q2t)
CoS rewrite           yes
ToS rewrite           DSCP
UDLD                  yes
Inline power          no
AuxiliaryVlan         no
SPAN                  source,destination
COPS port group       3/1-4
Link debounce timer   yes

```

show port module/port – This command tells the status of a particular port, and whether or not it is trunking.

```

cat6500> (enable) show port 3/1
Port Name                Status      Vlan      Duplex Speed Type
-----
3/1                      connected trunk      full  1000 1000BaseSX

Port Security Violation Shutdown-Time Age-Time Max-Addr Trap IfIndex
-----
3/1 disabled shutdown 0          0          1 disabled 61

```

!--- Output suppressed.

show trunk – This command is used to verify the trunking status and configuration.

```
cat6500> (enable) show trunk
* - indicates vtp domain mismatch
Port      Mode      Encapsulation  Status      Native vlan
-----
 3/1      on        dot1q          trunking    1

Port Vlans allowed on trunk
-----
 3/1 1-1005,1025-4094

Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain
-----
 3/1 1-2

Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned
-----
 3/1 1-2
```

show vtp domain – This command is used to check the VTP information.

```
cat5000> (enable) show vtp domain
Domain Name          Domain Index VTP Version Local Mode Password
-----
                               1             2             Transparent -

Vlan-count Max-vlan-storage Config Revision Notifications
-----
 6          1023          0             disabled

Last Updater      V2 Mode Pruning PruneEligible on Vlans
-----
10.10.10.3        disabled disabled 2-1000
```

Troubleshoot

There is currently no specific troubleshooting information available for this configuration.

Related Information

- **Trunking Between Catalyst 4000, 5000, and 6000 Family Switches Using 802.1q Encapsulation**
- **Configuring VLAN Trunks on Fast Ethernet and Gigabit Ethernet Ports**
- **Configuring VTP on Catalyst Switches**
- **Using PortFast and Other Commands to Fix Workstation Startup Connectivity Delays**
- **LAN Switching Technology Support**
- **Catalyst LAN and ATM Switches Product Support**
- **Technical Support – Cisco Systems**

